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May 10, 1991

MEMORANDUM

TO: House Committee on Commerce

FROM: Robin S. Johnson, Committee Counsel

RE: House Bill 869 (H869-CSRH-6): Committee Substitute Summary

The proposed committee substitute for House Bill 869 incorporates and modifies language from HB 53 (Assumption Fee Changes), HB 155 (Interest Rates/Revolving Credit, HB 242 (Credit Card Deregulation & Banks), HB 869 (Commercial Loans/Fees), and HB 1103 (Property Exemptions). Section 1 (from HB 1103) rewrites G.S. 1C-1601 by increasing the dollar amounts for property that a debtor is entitled to keep free of the debtor's creditors' claims, and by clarifying that the effect of the exemptions is that a creditor cannot repossess the debtor's household items in which the creditor holds a nonpossessory, nonpurchase money security interest until the creditor fully complies with statutory procedures in G.S. 1C-1603.

Sections 2-4 (from HB 869) rewrite G.S. 24-1.1, G.S. 24-1.2, and G.S. 24-1.2A to allow lenders to charge a party to a loan or extension of a loan a renewal fee not to exceed the greater of 1/4 of 1% of the outstanding balance at the time of modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of terms, or \$50.00. If a loan or extension of credit is not secured by real property, these sections will also permit lenders to charge an origination fee not to exceed the greater of 1/4 of 1% of the outstanding balance, or \$50.00 (currently, no provision for either fee).

Section 5 (from HB 53) rewrites G.S. 24-10 to allow a lender to charge the following assumption fees where a party assumes a loan secured by real property:

MEMORANDUM

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\$400 -- The mortgage or deed of trust has a due on sale 1. clause (defined in the section) and the original obligor is released from liability on the original obligation.

\$125 -- The mortgage or deed of trust (a) does not have 2. a due on sale clause, or (b) has a due on sale clause, but does not release original obligor from liability on

the original obligation.

(Current law allows a fee of \$175 if the original obligor is released from liability, or a fee of \$100 if not released.) This section also will allow a lender to charge a party to a loan secured by real property a reasonable appraisal fee. The lender will be required to provide a copy of the appraisal report, if the borrower requests, and to provide notice to the party that the borrower has a right to obtain an independent third-party appraisal.

Sections 6 and 7 (from HB 155 & 242) will authorize the following charges on the extension of credit under open-end credit plans, including revolving credit card plans (i.e., bank cards) and consumer credit sales (i.e., retail credit cards):

\$5.00 late charge when a payment is more than 30 days

late (currently, no provision).

Either a \$24.00 annual fee (currently \$20.00 and not 2. allowed on consumer credit sales) or a \$2.00 monthly service charge on the balance of any account not paid in full within 25 days from the billing date (currently no provision is made for monthly service charges).

The act would be effective October 1, 1991.

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The act would be effective October 1, 1991.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 1991

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16

HOUSE BILL 869

1

Short Title: Commercial Loans/Fees. (Public) Sponsors: Representative Brubaker. Referred to: Commerce. April 18, 1991

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE CERTAIN LOAN AND APPRAISAL FEES AND TO AMEND THE USURY LAWS APPLICABLE TO COMMERCIAL LOANS. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 Section 1. G.S. 24-10 is amended by adding the following new subsection 6 to read: "(h) A bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union, or any 8 subsidiary or affiliate thereof organized under the laws of this State or the United 9 States, may charge a party to a loan secured by real property a fee as may be agreed 10 upon by the parties for an appraisal performed by an employee of the bank, savings 11 and loan association, savings bank, or credit union, or any subsidiary or affiliate 12 thereof." 13

Sec. 2. G.S. 24-9 reads as rewritten:

14 "§ 24-9. Loans to corporations organized for profit not subject 15

to claim or defense of usury. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter or any other provision of law, 17 any foreign or domestic corporation substantially engaged in commercial. 18 manufacturing or industrial pursuits for pecuniary gain may agree to pay, and any 19 lender may charge and collect from such corporation, interest at any rate which such 20 corporation may agree to pay in writing, and as to any such transaction the claim or 21 defense of usury by such corporation and its successors or anyone else in its behalf is 22 prohibited: the parties to a loan, extension of credit, or commitment for a loan may 23 contract in writing for the payment of interest and fees as may be agreed upon by the 24 parties where the loan, extension of credit, or commitment for a loan is primarily for

- 1 a business or commercial purpose. As to any such transaction, the claim or defense 2 of usury is prohibited."
- 3 Sec. 3. Chapter 24 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the 4 following new section to read:
- 5 "§ 24-10.2. Loan fees.

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- (a) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of credit governed by the 7 provisions of G.S. 24-1.1, G.S. 24-1.2, or G.S. 24-1.2A a fee for the modification, 8 renewal, extension, or amendment of any terms of the loan or extension of credit, 9 such fee not to exceed the greater of one percent (1%) of the balance outstanding at 10 the time of the modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of terms, or twentyfive dollars (\$25.00).
- (b) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of credit governed by the 12 13 provisions of G.S. 24-1.1 or G.S. 24-1.2 an origination fee: 14
 - as may be agreed upon by the parties where the principal amount (1) of the loan or extension of credit is more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or
 - not to exceed the greater of two percent (2%) or fifty dollars (2) (\$50.00) where the principal amount of the loan or extension of credit is twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or less."
 - Sec. 4. G.S. 24-1.2A reads as rewritten:

21 "§ 24-1.2A. Equity lines of credit.

22 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the parties to an equity line 23 of credit, as defined in G.S. 45-81, may contract in writing for interest at rates which 24 shall not exceed the maximum rates permitted under G.S. 24-1.2(2a); provided, 25 however, that the parties may contract for interest rates which shall be adjustable or 26 variable, so long as for adjustable or variable rate contracts the rate in effect for a 27 given period does not exceed the maximum rate permitted under G.S. 24-1.2(2a) for 28 the same period. Fees may be charged on equity lines of credit which in the 29 aggregate, over the life of the contract based on the maximum limit of the line of 30 credit, do not exceed those permitted under G.S. 24-10. Fees may be charged for the 31 modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of any terms of an equity line of 32 gredit which do not exceed those permitted by G.S. 24-10.2(a)."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

H

D

H869-CSRH-6 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 869 THIS IS A DRAFT 9-MAY-91 09:47:28 ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION

Short Title:	Loans/Fees.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:	Commerce.	
	April 18, 1991	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO INCREASE EXEMPT PROPERTY VALUES AND CLARIFY THE EFFECT

3 OF EXEMPTIONS, TO AUTHORIZE CERTAIN LOAN AND APPRAISAL FEES, TO

4 AMEND THE USURY LAWS APPLICABLE TO COMMERCIAL LOANS, TO

5 AUTHORIZE THE IMPOSITION OF AN ANNUAL FEE OR MONTHLY SERVICE

6 CHARGE ON CREDIT PLANS, AND TO AMEND THE LAW REGARDING

7 ASSUMPTION FEES IN CONNECTION WITH CERTAIN REAL ESTATE LOANS.

8 The Cameral Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 1C-1601 reads as rewritten:

10 "\$10-1601. What property exempt; waiver; exceptions.

11 (a) Exempt property. -- Each individual, resident of this 12 State, who is a debtor is entitled to retain free of the 13 enforcement of the claims of his creditors:

(1) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed seven 15 thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) ten thousand dollars 16 (\$10,000) in value, in real property or personal property that 17 the debtor or a dependent of the debtor uses as a residence, in a 18 cooperative that owns property that the debtor or a dependent of 19 the debtor uses as a residence, or in a burial plot for the 20 debtor or a dependent of the debtor.

- 1 (2) The debtor's aggregate interest in any property, not 2 to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) three 3 thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) in value less any amount 4 of the exemption used under subdivision (1).
- 5 (3) The debtor's interest, not to exceed one thousand 6 five hundred dollars (\$1,000) (\$1,500) in value, in one motor 7 vehicle.
- 9 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) three thousand five 10 hundred dollars (\$3,500) in value for the debtor plus five 11 hundred dollars (\$500) seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00) for 12 each dependent of the debtor, not to exceed two three thousand 13 dollars (\$2,000) (\$3,000) total for dependents, in household 14 furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, 15 animals, crops, or musical instruments, that are held primarily 16 for the personal, family, or household use of the debtor or a 17 dependent of the debtor.
- 18 (5) The debtor's aggregate interest, not to exceed five 19 hundred dollars (\$500) seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00) in 20 value, in any implements, professional books, or tools of the 21 trade of the debtor or the trade of a dependent of the debtor.
- 22 (6) Life insurance as provided in Article X, Section 5 23 of the Constitution of North Carolina.
- (7) Professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor 25 or a dependent of the debtor.
- (8) Compensation for personal injury or compensation for 27 the death of a person upon whom the debtor was dependent for 28 support, but such compensation is not exempt from claims for 29 funeral, legal, medical, dental, hospital, and health care 30 charges related to the accident or injury giving rise to the 31 compensation.
- 32 (b) Definition. -- "Value" as used in this Article means fair 33 market value of an individual's interest in property, less valid 34 liens superior to the judgment lien sought to be enforced.
- 35 (c) Waiver. -- The exemptions provided in this Article and in 36 Sections 1 and 2 of Article X of the North Carolina Constitution, 37 cannot be waived except by:
- 38 (1) Transfer of property allocated as exempt (and in 39 that event only as to the specific property transferred), or
- 40 (2) Written waiver, after judgment, approved by the 41 clerk or district court judge. The clerk or district court judge 42 must find that the waiver is made freely, voluntarily, and with 43 full knowledge of the debtor's rights to exemptions and that he 44 is not required to waive them;

- 1 (3) Failure to assert the exemption after notice to do 2 so pursuant to G.S. 1C-1603. The clerk or district court judge 3 may relieve such a waiver made by reason of mistake, surprise or 4 excusable neglect, to the extent that the rights of innocent 5 third parties are not affected.
- 6 (d) Recent purchases. -- The exemptions provided in 7 subdivisions (2), (3), (4) and (5) of subsection (a) of this 8 section are inapplicable with respect to tangible personal 9 property purchased by the debtor less than 90 days preceding the 10 initiation of judgment collection proceedings or the filing of a 11 petition for bankruptcy.
- 12 (e) Exceptions. -- The exemptions provided in this Article are 13 inapplicable to claims
- 14 (1) Of the United States or its agencies as provided by 15 federal law;
- 16 (2) Of the State or its subdivisions for taxes, 17 appearance bonds or fiduciary bonds;
- 18 (3) Of lien by a laborer for work done and performed for 19 the person claiming the exemption, but only as to the specific 20 property affected;
- 21 (4) Of lien by a mechanic for work done on the premises,
 22 but only as to the specific property affected;
- 23 (5) For payment of obligations contracted for the 24 purchase of the specific real property affected;
- 25 (6) Repealed by Session Laws 1981 (Feg. Sess., 1982), c. 26 1224, s. 6, effective September 1, 1982;
- (7) For contractual security interests in the specific 28 property affected; provided, that the exemptions shall apply to 29 the debtor's household goods notwithstanding any contract for a 30 nonpossessory, nonpurchase money security interest in any such 31 goods;
- 32 (8) For statutory liens, on the specific property 33 affected, other than judicial liens;
- 34 (9) For child support, alimony or distributive award 35 ord;r pursuant to Chapter 50 of the General Statutes.
- 36 (f) Federal Bankruptcy Act. -- The exemptions provided in 37 The Bankruptcy Act, 11 U.S.C. § 522(d), are not applicable to 38 residents of this State. The exemptions provided by this Article 39 shall apply for purposes of The Bankruptcy Act, 11 U.S.C. § 40 522(b).
- 41 (g) Effect of exemptions.-- Notwithstanding any other 42 provision of law, a creditor shall not obtain possession of a 43 debtor's household goods and furnishings in which the creditor 44 holds a nonpossessory, nonpurchase money security interest until

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1 the creditor has fully complied with the procedures required by 2 G.S. 1C-1603."
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- 3 Sec. 2. G.S. 24-1.1 reads as rewritten:
- 4 "\$24-1.1. Contract rates and fees.
- 5 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter or other 6 applicable law, the parties to a loan, purchase money loan, 7 advance, commitment for a loan or forbearance other than a credit 8 card, open- end, or similar loan may contract in writing for the 9 payment of interest not in excess of:
- 10 (1) Where the principal amount is twenty-five thousand 11 dollars (\$25,000) or less, the rate set under subdivision (3) 12 subsection (c) of this section; or
- 13 (2) Any rate agreed upon by the parties where the 14 principal amount is more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
- 16 (b) As used in this section, interest shall not be deemed in 17 excess of the rates provided where interest is computed monthly 18 on the outstanding principal balance and is collected not more 19 than 31 days in advance of its due date. Nothing in this section 20 shall be construed to authorize the charging of interest on 21 committed funds prior to the disbursement of said funds.
- (3) (c) On the fifteenth day of each month, the Commissioner 23 of Banks shall announce and publish the maximum rate of interest 24 permitted by subdivision (1) of this section on that date. Such 25 rate shall be the latest published non-com-pe-ti-tive 26 noncompetitive rate for U.S. Treasury bills with a six-month 27 maturity as of the fifteenth day of the month plus six percent 28 (6%), rounded upward or downward, as the case may be, to the 29 nearest one- half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) or sixteen percent 30 (16%), whichever is greater. If there is no nearest one-half of 31 one percent (1/2 of 1%), the Commissioner shall round downward to 32 the lower one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%). The rate so 33 announced shall be the maximum rate permitted for the term of 34 loans made under this section during the following calendar month 35 when the parties to such loans have agreed that the rate of 36 interest to be charged by the lender and paid by the borrower 37 shall not vary or be adjusted during the term of the loan. The 38 parties to a loan made under this section may agree to a rate of 39 interest which shall vary or be adjusted during the term of the 40 loan in which case the maximum rate of interest permitted on such 41 loans during a month during the term of the loan shall be the 42 rate announced by the Commissioner in the preceding calendar 43 month.

- 1 (d) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of 2 credit governed by this section a fee for the modification, 3 renewal, extension, or amendment of any terms of the loan or 4 extension of credit, such fee not to exceed the greater of one-5 quarter of one percent (1/4 of 1%) of the balance outstanding at 6 the time of the modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of 7 terms, or fifty dollars (\$50.00).
- 8 (e) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of 9 credit not secured by real property governed by this section an 10 origination fee not to exceed the greater of one-quarter of one 11 percent (1/4 of 1%) of the outstanding balance or fifty dollars 12 (\$50.00)."
- 13 Sec. 3. G.S. 24-1.2 reads as rewritten:
- 14 "\$ 24-1.2. Installment rates and fees.
- 15 Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter or other 16 applicable law, the parties to a loan, purchase money loan, 17 advance, commitment for a loan, or forbearance, may contract in 18 writing for the payment of interest not in excess of:
- (1) On installment loans not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000), which are not secured by a security interest in any degree on real property, which are for periods of not less than zero six months nor more than 120 months, which are repayable in substantially equal consecutive monthly payments, which shall not be collected in advance, and which shall be computed monthly on the outstanding principal balance, the rate shall not exceed the rates set under subdivision (2a) of this section; provided, a minimum charge of ten dollars (\$10.00) or one dollar (\$1.00) per payment may be agreed to and charged in lieu of interest. The borrower may prepay all or any part of this loan without penalty. The due date of the first monthly payment shall not be more than the days following disbursement of funds under any such installment loan.
- 33 (2) On installment loans not exceeding twenty-five thousand 34 dollars (\$25,000), which are not secured by a first security 35 instrument on real property, and which are payable at least 36 quarterly in substantially equal payments of principal and 37 interest, or in substantially equal payments of principal, the 38 rate of interest, computed on the outstanding balance, shall not 39 exceed the rate set under subdivision (2a) of this section: 40 provided a minimum charge of ten dollars (\$10.00) or one dollar 41 (\$1.00) per payment may be agreed to and charged in lieu of 42 interest. The borrower may prepay all or any part of the loan 43 without penalty.

1 (2a) On the fifteenth day of each month, the Commissioner of 2 Banks shall announce and publish the maximum rate of interest 3 permitted by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this section. Such rate 4 shall be the latest published noncompetitive rate for U.S. 5 Treasury bills with a six-month maturity as of the fifteenth day 6 of the month plus six percent (6%), rounded upward or downward, 7 as the case may be, to the nearest one-half of one percent (1/2 8 of 1%) or sixteen percent (16%), whichever is greater. If there 9 is no nearest one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%), 10 Commissioner shall round downward to the lower one-half of one 11 percent (1/2 of 1%). The rate so announced shall be the maximum 12 rate permitted for the term of loans made under this section 13 during the following calendar month when the parties to such 14 loans have agreed that the rate of interest to be charged by the 15 lender and paid by the borrower shall not vary or be adjusted 16 during the term of the loan. The parties to a loan made under 17 this section may agree to a rate of interest which shall vary or 18 be adjusted during the term of the loan in which case the maximum 19 rate of interest permitted on such loans during a month during 20 the term of the loan shall be the rate announced by the 21 Commissioner in the preceding calendar month.

(3), (4) Repealed by Session Laws 1979, c. 138, s. 3.

23 (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the 24 charging of interest on committed funds prior to the disbursement 25 of said funds.

(6) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, on an installment loan not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) which is secured by a first lien on a residential manufactured home, the parties may contract in writing for the payment of interest as agreed upon by the parties; Provided, however, that this paragraph shall only apply if the parties would have been entitled to so contract by the provisions of section 501 of United States Public Law 96-221 and have complied with the regulations promulgated thereunder. The borrower may prepay all or any part of the loan without penalty.

For the purpose of this paragraph (6), a "residential 37 manufactured home" means a mobile home as defined in G.S. 38 143-145(7) which is used as a dwelling.

39 (7) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of 40 credit governed by this section a fee for the modification, 41 renewal, extension, or amendment of any terms of the loan or 42 extension of credit, such fee not to exceed the greater of one-43 quarter of one percent (1/4 of 1%) of the balance outstanding at

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- 1 the time of the modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of terms, or fifty dollars (\$50.00).
- 3 (8) Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of 4 credit not secured by real property governed by this section an 5 origination fee not to exceed the greater of one-quarter of one 6 percent (1/4 of 1%) of the outstanding balance or fifty dollars
- 7 (\$50.00)."
- 8 Sec. 4. G.S. 24-1.2A reads as rewritten:
- 9 "\$ 24-1.2A. Equity lines of credit.
- 10 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the 11 parties to an equity line of credit, as defined in G.S. 45-81, 12 may contract in writing for interest at rates which shall not 13 exceed the maximum rates permitted under G.S. 24-1.2(2a); 14 provided, however, that the parties may contract for interest 15 rates which shall be adjustable or variable, so long as for 16 adjustable or variable rate contracts the rate in effect for a 17 given period does not exceed the maximum rate permitted under 18 G.S. 24-1.2(2a) for the same period.
- 19 (b) Fees may be charged on equity lines of credit which in 20 the aggregate, over the life of the contract based on the maximum 21 limit of the line of credit, do not exceed those permitted under 22 G.S. 24-10. Any lender may charge a party to a loan or extension 23 of credit governed by this section a fee for the modification, 24 renewal, extension, or amendment of any terms of the loan or 25 extension of credit, such fee not to exceed the greater of one-26 quarter of one percent (1/4 of 1%) of the balance outstanding at 27 the time of the modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of 28 terms, or fifty dollars (\$50.00)."
 - Sec. 5. G.S. 24-10 reads as rewritten:
- 30 "524-10. Maximum fees on loans secured by real property.
- 31 (a) No lender on loans made under G.S. 24-1.1 shall charge or 32 receive from any borrower or any agent for a borrower, any fees 33 or discounts unless otherwise allowed where the principal amount 34 is less than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) and is 35 secured by real property, which fees or discounts in the 36 aggregate shall exceed two percent (2%) if a construction loan on 37 other than a one or two family dwelling, and one percent (1%) on 38 any other type of loan; provided, however, if a single lender 39 makes both the construction loan and a permanent loan utilizing 40 one note, the lender may collect the fees as if they were two 41 separate loans. Except as provided herein or otherwise allowed, 42 no party shall pay for the benefit of the lender any other fees 43 or discounts.

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- 1 (b) Any loan made under G.S. 24-1.1 in an original principal 2 amount of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) or less may 3 be prepaid in part or in full, after 30 days notice to the 4 lender, with a maximum prepayment fee of two percent (2%) of the 5 outstanding balance at any time within three years after the 6 first payment of principal and thereafter there shall be no 7 prepayment fee, provided that there shall be no prepayment fee 8 charged or received in connection with any repayment of a 9 construction loan; and except as herein provided, any lender and 10 any borrower may agree on any terms as to prepayment of a loan.
- (c) "Construction loan" means a loan which is obtained for the 22 purpose of financing fully, or in part, the cost of constructing 13 buildings or other improvements upon real property and the 14 proceeds of which, under the terms of a written contract between 15 a lender and a borrower, are to be disbursed periodically as such 16 construction work progresses; and such loan shall be payable in 17 full not later than 18 months in case of a loan made under the 18 provisions of G.S. 24-1.1(1) or 36 months in case of any other 19 construction loan made after the execution of the note by the 20 borrower. A construction loan may include advances for the 21 purchase price of the property upon which such improvements are 22 to be constructed.
- 23 (d) (1) Any lender may charge to any person, persons, firm or 24 corporation that assumes a loan, made under the provisions of 25 G.S. 24-1.1 and secured by real property, a fee not to exceed 26 one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175.00); provided, however, 27 that if the original obligor is not released from liability on 28 the obligation, the fee shall not exceed one hundred dollars 29 (\$100.00), property the following fee:
 - a. Where the mortgage or deed of trust contains a due on sale clause, a fee not to exceed four hundred dollars (\$400.00); provided, however, that if the original obligor is not released from liability on the obligation, the fee shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00).
 - b. Where the mortgage or deed of trust does not contain a due on sale clause, a fee not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00).

39 The fees authorized by this subsection may be paid in whole or 40 in part by any party but the total shall not exceed the maximum 41 fees set forth herein.

42 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'due on sale clause' means a contract provision that authorizes a lender to declare immediately due and payable all sums secured by the

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- lender's security instrument if all or any part of the secured property, or an interest therein, is sold or transferred without the lender's prior written consent or contrary to the requirements of the mortgage or the deed of trust. For purposes of this subsection, no lender shall exercise its rights under the due on sale clause if prohibited by federal law as of the date of execution of the contract containing the clause.
- 8 (e), (f) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 755, s. 2, effective 9 July 15, 1985.
- (g) Notwithstanding the limitations contained in subsection (a) this section, a lender described in G.S. 24-1.1A(a)(2) may 12 charge or receive from any borrower or any agent for a borrower, 13 fees or discounts which in the aggregate do not exceed two 14 percent (2%) on loans made under G.S. 24-1.1 or G.S. 24-1.2(2) 15 when such loans are secured by a second or junior lien on real 16 property. The fees or discounts are fully earned when the loan is 17 made and are not a prepayment penalty under this Chapter or any 18 other law of this State.
- (h) A bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or 20 credit union, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof organized 21 under the laws of this State or the United States, may charge a 22 party to a loan secured by real property a reasonable fee as may 23 be agreed upon by the parties for an appraisal performed by an 24 employee of the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, 25 or credit union, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof. Upon 26 the request of the borrower, the lender shall provide at no 27 additional charge to the borrower a copy of any appraisal) for 28 which the lender has collected a fee under this subsection. 29 Provision of the copy of an appraisal shall not be construed to 30 create or imply any warranty which does not otherwise exist by 31 the lender as to the accuracy of the appraisal. A lender 32 collecting a fee under this subsection shall provide notice in 33 writing to the borrower of the horrower's right to select a 34 qualified appraiser, acceptable to the lender, but not employed 35 by or affiliated with the lender."
 - Sec. 6. G.S. 24-11 reads as written:
- 37 "\$24-11. Certain revolving credit charges.
- 38 (a) On the extension of credit under an open-end credit or 39 similar plan (including revolving credit card plans, and 40 revolving charge accounts, but excluding any loan made directly 41 by a lender under a check loan, check credit or other such plan) 42 under which no service charge shall be imposed upon the consumer 43 or debtor if the account is paid in full within 25 days from the 44 billing date, but upon which there may be imposed an annual

charge not to exceed twenty twenty-four dollars (\$20.00), 2 (\$24.00), there may be charged and collected interest, finance charges or other fees at a rate in the aggregate not to exceed one and one-half percent (1 1/2%) per month computed on the unpaid portion of the balance of the previous month less payments or credit within the billing cycle or the average daily balance outstanding during the current billing period.

8 (al) If the lender chooses not to impose an annual charge under 9 this section, the lender may impose a service charge not to 10 exceed two dollars (\$2.00) per month on the balance of any 11 account which is not paid in full within 25 days from the billing 12 date.

13 (a2) No person, firm or corporation may charge a discount or 14 fee in excess of six percent (6%) of the principal amount of the 15 accounts acquired from or through any vendors or others providing 16 services who participate in such plan.

17 (b) On revolving credit loans (including check loans, check 18 credit or other revolving credit plans whereby a bank, banking 19 institution or other lending agency makes direct loans to a 20 borrower), if agreed to in writing by the borrower, such lender 21 may collect interest and service charges by application of a 22 monthly periodic rate computed on the average daily balance 23 cutstanding during the billing period, such rate not to exceed 24 one and one-half percent (1 1/2%).

25 (c) any extension of credit under an open-end or similar plan 26 under which there is charged a monthly periodic rate greater than 27 one and one-quarter percent (1 1/4%) may not be secured by real 28 or personal property or any other thing of value, provided, that 29 this subsection shall not apply to consumer credit sales 30 regulated by Chapter 25A, the Retail Installment Sales Act; 31 provided further, that in any action initiated for the possession 32 of property in which a security interest has been taken, a 33 judgement for the possession thereof shall be restricted to 34 commercial units (as defined in G.S. 25-2-105(6)) for which the 35 cash price was one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or more.

36 (d) The term "billing date" shall mean any date selected by the 37 creditor and the bill for the balance of the account must be 38 mailed to the customer at least 14 days prior to the date 39 specified in the statement as being the date by which payment of 40 the new balance must be made in order to avoid the imposition of 41 any finance charge.

42 (d1) A lender may charge a party to a loan or extension of 43 credit governed by this section a late payment charge not to 44 exceed five dollars (\$5.00) for any payment past due for 30 days 1 or more. If a late payment charge has been once imposed with 2 respect to a late payment, no late charge shall be imposed with 3 respect to any future payment which would have been timely and 4 sufficient but for the previous default.

5 (e) An annual or service charge pursuant to this section upon 6 an existing credit card account upon which an annual the charge 7 has not previously been imposed may not be imposed unless the 8 lender has given the cardholder at least 30 days notice of the 9 proposed charge, and has advised the cardholder of his right not 10 to accept the new charge. This notice shall be bold and 11 conspicuous, and shall be on the face of the periodic billing 12 statement or on a separate statement which is clearly noted on 13 the face of the periodic billing statement provided to the 14 cardholder. If the cardholder does not accept the new charge upon 15 an existing credit card account, the lender may require that the 16 cardholder make no further use of the account beyond the 30-day 17 period in order to avoid paying the annual charge, but the 18 cardholder shall be entitled to pay off any remaining balance 19 according to the terms of the credit agreement. Nothing in this 20 subsection shall limit the lender from decreasing any rates or 21 fees to the cardholder forthwith. Should any cardholder within 12 22 months of the initial imposition of an annual charge rescind his 23 credit card contract and surrender all cards issued under the 24 contract to the lender, he shall be entitled to a prorated refund the annual fee previously charged, credited 26 cardholder's credit card account."

27 Sec. 7. G.S. 25A-14 reads as rewritten:

28 "\$25A-14. Finance charge rates and service charge for revolving 29 charge account contracts.

30 (a) The finance-charge rate and either the annual charge or the
31 monthly service charge for a consumer credit sale made pursuant
32 to under a revolving charge account contract may not exceed the
33 rates and charge provided for revolving credit by G.S. 24-11(a).
34 G.S. 24-11. The annual fee provided in G.S. 24-11(a) may not be
35 imposed.

36 (b) In the event the revolving charge account contract is 37 secured in whole or in part by a security interest in real 38 property, then the finance-charge rate shall not exceed the rate 39 set out in G.S. 25A- 15(d).

40 (c) No default or deferral charge shall be imposed by the 41 seller in connection with a revolving charge-account contract, 42 except as specifically provided for in G.S. 24-11(a). G.S. 24-43 11(d1)."

Sec. 8. This act becomes effective October 1, 1991.

*Mtn: TRCS HB Unfar 869. Computant on

1991 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

1)0	Commerce Committee Substitute for
H.B. H.J.F H.R.	869 , S.B. A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT A JOINT RESOLUTION A HOUSE RESOLUTION
то	AUTHORIZE CERTAIN LOAN AND APPRAISAL FEES AND TO AMEND THE USURY LAWS
	LICABLE TO COMMERCIAL LAONS.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on () Appropriations () Finance ()
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on () Appropriations () Finance ()
	With an unfavorable report.
W	with a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (x) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill. (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred the Committee on) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee
	substitute bill.
w	ith recommendation that the House concur.
w	ith recommendation that the House do not concur.
w	ith recommendation that the House do not concur; request confered
t	o be material.
t	o be material.
w	ith recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill be material. ith an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ithout prejudice.
w	ith an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
W:	ith an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.

NORTH CARCLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES NOTICE ASSIGNMENT OF BILLS TO SUBCOMMITTEE

COMMITTEE: COMMERCE COMMITTEE

(Name of STANDING COMMITTEE)

Date: APRIL 23, 1991

Chairman: REPRESENTATIVE THOMAS C. HARDAWAY

Bill Number (Indicate H or S): HB869 (Representative Brubaker)

Short Title: COMMERCIAL LOANS FEES

igned to Subcommittee on: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Re-assigned to Subcommittee on:

Bill Number (Indicate H or S): HB955 (Representative Dawkins)

Short Title: CONSUMER FINANCE ACT CHANGES

Assigned to Subcommittee on: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Re-assigned to Subcommittee on:

Bill Number (Indicate H or S): <>

Short Title: <>

Assigned to Subcommittee on: <>

Re-assigned to Subcommittee on: <>